Jones, Kevin (ASRC)

From:

SOW FUN HON [Sow-Fun.Hon@uspto.gov]

Sent:

Tuesday, July 03, 2007 3:19 PM

To:

STIC-EIC1700

Subject:

Database Search Request, Serial Number: 10/542065

229989

Requester:

SOW FUN HON (P/1772)

Art Unit:

GROUP ART UNIT 1772

Employee Number:

77463

Office Location:

REM 08A61

Phone Number:

(571)272-1492

Mailbox Number:

SCIENTIFIC REFERENCE BR Sci & rech Info Cnfc

JUL O RECU

Pat. & T.M Office

Case serial number:

10/542065

Class / Subclass(es):

428/1.1

Earliest Priority Filing Date:

01/10/03

Format preferred for results:

Paper

Search Topic Information:

Please search the structure in claim 4.

First, combine with the term "chiral" and

next, with terms such as "broadband", "broad band", "wideband", "wide band" to narrow down the search.

Special Instructions and Other Comments:

=> fil reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:24:47 ON 10 JUL 2007
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 9 JUL 2007 HIGHEST RN 941818-42-4 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 9 JUL 2007 HIGHEST RN 941818-42-4

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH December 2, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=> d que stat l18 L11 . STR

VPA 25-3/2/1/6/5 U
VPA 26-10/11/13/14 U
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L13 STR

VAR G1=1/3 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE STR

L14

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

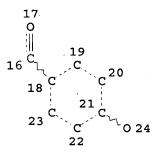
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L16



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

14 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L11 AND L16 AND L13 AND L14

100.0% PROCESSED 50 ITERATIONS 14 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d his

L1

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:19:54 ON 10 JUL 2007)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:20:06 ON 10 JUL 2007

E US20060119783/PN

1 S E3

SEL RN

```
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:20:33 ON 10 JUL 2007
L2
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:40:32 ON 10 JUL 2007
L3
L4
             .1 S L3
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:56:22 ON 10 JUL 2007
L5
               STR L3
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:58:06 ON 10 JUL 2007
            50 S L5
L6
           1033 S L5 FUL
L7
              SAV L7 HON065/A
             1 S L2 AND L7
L8
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:02:34 ON 10 JUL 2007
L9
               STR L5
L10
                STR L3
                STR L9
L11
                STR L10
L12
L13
                STR
L14
               STR
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:09:46 ON 10 JUL 2007
L15
          0 S L11 AND L12 AND L13 AND L14
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:10:17 ON 10 JUL 2007
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:11:03 ON 10 JUL 2007
L16
           STR L12
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:11:17 ON 10 JUL 2007
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:11:33 ON 10 JUL 2007
           0 S L11 AND L16 AND L13 AND L14
L17
            14 S L11 AND L16 AND L13 AND L14 FUL
L18
               SAV L18 HON065S1/A
L19
          1 S L2 AND L18
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:14:31 ON 10 JUL 2007
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:18:28 ON 10 JUL 2007
               SEL L18 1,2,3,5,7,9,10,13,14 RN
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:20:51 ON 10 JUL 2007
L20
           12 S E2-10
            12 S L18
L21
             0 S L21 NOT L20
L22
    FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 14:23:13 ON 10 JUL 2007
           0 S E2-10
L23
```

=> fil hcap FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:24:55 ON 10 JUL 2007 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 10 Jul 2007 VOL 147 ISS 3 FILE LAST UPDATED: 9 Jul 2007 (20070709/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 120 ibib abs hitstr hitind 1-12

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:97104 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:180898

TITLE:

Liquid crystal alignment film used in aligned liquid crystal film as optical films for optical

imaging_devices

INVENTOR(S):

Inoue, Tetsuo; Kawaguchi, Yoshihide; Moroishi,

Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corp., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006030555	Α	20060202	JP 2004-208814	
				200407
•				15
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-208814	
				200407
				15

AB The title alignment film is made from a liquid crystal polymer and shows anisotropy. The aligned film provides excellent liquid crystal alignment.

IT 461055-21-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(liquid crystal alignment film)

RN 461055-21-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C = C$$
 $C = C$ $C = C$

PAGE 1-B

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 279256-64-3P 461055-21-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (liquid crystal alignment film)

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1175797 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:449486

TITLE:

Circularly polarizing plates in optical device

for optical condensing-type back light in liquid

crystal displays

INVENTOR(S):

Shiraogawa, Miki; Takeda, Kentaro; Takahashi,

Naoki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corp., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese '

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

]	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	 JP 2005308988 ·	A	20051104	JP 2004-124358	200404
PRIOR	ITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	JP 2004-124358	200101
				•	20

AB The title polarized plate has layered 2 reflective circular polarizer films and has ≤20 haze-value. The polarizing plate shows efficient light usage and provides liquid crystal display of bright images.

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(circularly polarizing plates)

RN 727400-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, polymer with Paliocolor LC 756 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C \equiv C$$
 $C = C$

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 457053-05-3

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IC ICM G02B005-30

ICS G02F001-1335; G02F001-1335; G02F001-1336

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 133945-18-3DP, polymer with acrylate liquid crystal
727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(circularly polarizing plates)

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1025994 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:336423

TITLE:

Manufacture of broadband cholesteric liquid

crystal film

INVENTOR(S):

Fukuoka, Takahiro; Shiraogawa, Miki; Hara,

Kazutaka; Takahashi, Naoki Nitto Denko Corp., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		,		,
JP 2005258192	A	20050922	JP 2004-71158	
			•	200403 12
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-71158	
				200403
				12

AB Disclosed is a process comprising the steps of (a) applying an alignment substrate with a liquid crystal mixture containing a polymerizable mesogen compound and a polymerizable chiral agent, irradiating with UV light to polymerize and harden the liquid crystal mixture, wherein the UV irradiation step is carried out with an intensity of 10-200 mW/cm2 for 0.1-5 s in conditions of an O2 atmospheric and a temperature ≥70°, heat-treated at≥70° for 0.1-5 s, and irradiated with UV light in the absence of O2.

IT 461055-10-7

> RL: CPS (Chemical process); NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of broadband cholesteric liquid crystal film)

461055-10-7 HCAPLUS RN

Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, CN 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NC} \\ \\ \text{C} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{C} \\ \\ \text{C} \end{array}$$

PAGE 1-B

```
IC ICM G02B005-30
ICS G02F001-1335
```

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 75

IT 457053-05-3, LC 756 461055-10-7

RL: CPS (Chemical process); NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of broadband cholesteric liquid crystal film)

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:963432 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:403639

TITLE: Liquid crystal films, their manufacture, optical

films, illumination devices, and displays

INVENTOR(S): Hara, Kazutaka; Takahashi, Naoki; Fukuoka,

Takahiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nitto Denko Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004317651	A	20041111	JP 2003-109086	200304 14
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-109086	200304
				200304 14

AB The method involves (1) applying liquid crystal compns. containing polymerizable liquid crystals on alignment substrates, (2) polymerizing the liquid crystals by light or heat while keeping alignment of the liquid crystals, (3) laminating retardation sheets on uncured films of the liquid crystal compns. in the polymerization, and (4) curing the uncured films after the lamination. The liquid crystal films may be manufactured by applying solns. of cholesteric liquid crystal polymers on alignment substrates, aligning cholesteric spiral axis of the polymers to direction perpendicular to the substrates, laminating retardation sheets on the polymer layers while hot drying the polymer layers, and fixing alignment of the layers to give alignment films. Liquid crystal thin films are easily obtained at a low cost.

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of polymer liquid crystal thin films for illumination devices of displays)

RN 727400-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, polymer with Paliocolor LC 756 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 457053-05-3 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IC ICM G02B005-30

ICS G02F001-1335; G02F001-1336

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 73, 75

IT 457053-13-3P, LC 242-LC 756 copolymer **727400-95-5P**RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of polymer liquid crystal thin films for illumination devices of displays)

L20 ANSWER 5 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:904377 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:386488

TITLE:

Method for manufacturing cholesteric liquid crystal film having wide reflective range for circular or linear polarizer for light source of

liquid crystal displays

INVENTOR(S):

Fukuoka, Takahiro; Hara, Kazutaka; Shiraogawa,

Miki; Takahashi, Naoki; Takeda, Kentaro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corp., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

T:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004302075	A	20041028	JP 2003-94307	
•		,		200303 31
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		· ·	JP 2003-94307	
			Company of the Compan	200303
			•	31

AB The title method includes the process of: coating a alignment film substrate with a solution containing a polymerizable mesogen compound and a polymerizable chiral agent; and UV-irradiating the coated layer to form a reflective film having ≥200 nm reflecting range, wherein the UV-irradiating process includes two steps of: irradiating the coated layer ≥3 times with 1-200 Weight average mW/cm2 UV for 0.2-30 s. at ≥20° C increasing the irradiation period and decreasing light power each time under O2; and irradiating the coated layer without O2 presence. The method provides the cholesteric liquid crystal film showing wide reflective range.

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cholesteric liquid crystal film)

RN 727400-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, polymer with Paliocolor LC 756 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NC} \\ \\ \text{C} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{C} \\ \\ \text{C} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \\ \text{C} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{$$

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 457053-05-3

CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IC ICM G02B005-30

ICS C08F002-00; C08F020-36; G02B005-02; G02F001-1335; G02F001-1336

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cholesteric liquid crystal film)

L20 ANSWER 6 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:632357 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:164942

TITLE:

Reflective polarizing film with cholesteric

liquid crystal layer, its illumination device,

and liquid crystal display

INVENTOR (S):

Shiraogawa, Miki; Takahashi, Naoki; Hara,

Kazutaka

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corp., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004219559	A .	20040805	JP 2003-4539	
				200301
				10
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-4539	
				200301
			•	10

AR The reflective polarizing film comprises ≥2 layers of reflective polarizers (a) whose wavelength bands of selective reflection of polarized lights overlap with each other, and in between, a retardation layer (b) whose front retardation (normal line direction) is substantially zero and which has retardation ≥\(\lambda/\)8 toward incident light which enters ≥30° inclined to the normal line, wherein the reflective polarizer (a) has a cholesteric liquid crystal layer prepared by applying a blend containing polymerizable liquid crystal compds. and polymerizable chiral agents on a substrate in a layer form, aligning in such a way that the cholesteric spiral axis becomes vertical to the substrate face, keeping the liquid crystalline state, polymerizing and curing the blend by radiation irradiation from the substrate side while the blend is in contact with a gas containing oxygen, and based on the difference in polymerization rate caused by polymerization retardation with oxygen, forming variation in cholesteric pitch lengths. Preferably, the substrate comprises a plastic film with transmittance of 365-nm UV ≥10%. Preferably, the retardation layer (b) is prepared by fixing of planar orientation of a cholesteric liquid crystalline phase having a wavelength band region of selective reflection other than

the visible light region. In another alternative, the retardation layer (b) is prepared by fixing of homeotropic orientation of rod-shaped liquid crystals. In another alternative, the retardation layer (b) is prepared by fixing of nematic phase or columnar phase orientation of discotic liquid crystals. Preferably, the retardation layer (b) comprises biaxially oriented plastic film which will show birefringence. In another alternative, the retardation layer (b) is prepared by orientation fixing of an inorg. laminar compound of a neg. uniaxial character in such a way that the optical axis is aligned in the normal line direction of the surface. The illumination device has the reflective polarizing film on the front side of a surface-emitting light source having a reflective layer on the rear side. The liquid crystal display has a liquid crystal cell on the light-emitting side of the illumination device.

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(reflective polarizing film with cholesteric liquid crystal layer, its illumination device, and LCD)

RN 727400-95-5 HCAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, polymer with Paliocolor LC 756 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 457053-05-3 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IC ICM G02B005-30

ICS B32B007-02; C09J201-00; G02F001-1335; G02F001-1336

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(reflective polarizing film with cholesteric liquid crystal layer, its illumination device, and LCD)

L20 ANSWER 7 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:632353 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:182056

TITLE:

Broadband cholesteric liquid-crystal films, their manufacture, circular polarizing sheets, linear polarizers, illumination apparatus, and

display devices

INVENTOR(S):

Fukuoka, Takahiro; Hara, Kazutaka; Takahashi,

Naoki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corp., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				•
JP 2004219540	Α	20040805	JP 2003-4298	
				200301
•				10
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-4298	
	•			200301
				10

AB The films with reflection band width ≥ 200 nm are manufactured by polymerization of compns. comprising (A) polymerizable mesogens, (B) polymerizable chiral agents, (C) photopolymn. initiators, and (D) polymerizable UV absorbers between 2 substrates with UV light. The linear polarizers are obtained by laminating $\lambda/4$ plates on circular polarizing sheets using the films. The illumination apparatus has the polarizing sheets or the linear polarizers. Display devices using the illumination apparatus show high luminance, good viewing angle property, and high durability.

IT 732245-80-6P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of broadband cholesteric liquid-crystal films for polarizers of displays)

RN 732245-80-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, polymer with 2-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]ethyl

2-methyl-2-propenoate and Paliocolor LC 756 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7

CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C = C$$
 $C = C$

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 457053-05-3 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 3

CRN 96478-09-0 CMF C18 H17 N3 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OH} & \\ \text{N} & \\ \text{N} & \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G02B005-30

ICS C08F220-36; C08F290-06; G02F001-1335; G02F001-1336

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73

.IT 732245-80-6P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of broadband cholesteric liquid-crystal films for polarizers of displays)

L20 ANSWER 8 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:632347 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:164940

TITLE:

Wide wavelength band cholesteric liquid crystal film, linearly or circularly polarizing film, their manufacture, and their illumination and

liquid crystal display

INVENTOR(S):

Takahashi, Naoki; Fukuoka, Takahiro; Hara,

Kazutaka

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corp., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
٠	JP 2004219522	A	20040805	JP 2003-4101	200301
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	JP 2003-4101	200301
			•		10

GI

$$\bigcap_{O} \bigcap_{n} O \bigcap_{O} \bigcap_{F} CN$$

1

AB The cholesteric liquid crystal film has Grandjean structure where the pitch length becomes narrower continuously from one side toward the other side, is prepared by UV polymerization of a liquid crystal blend containing a

polymerizable mesogen compound (a), a polymerizable chiral agent (b), and a photopolymn. initiator (c), has reflection wavelength band in a visible light region ≥200 nm, and contains on the long pitch-length side, continuously or uncontinuously, a layer where a helical structure or a helix of a pitch length showing reflection of IR region is substantially resolved. Preferably, the layer where the helical structure or the helix of long pitch length is substantially resolved comprises a retardation layer showing optical retardation 50-450 nm toward the incident light from the front. Preferably, the cholesteric liquid crystal film is prepared by UV polymerization of the liquid crystal blend between 2 pieces of substrates; the pitch length of the cholesteric liquid crystal film changes in such a way that the pitch length becomes narrower continuously from

the side irradiated with UV. Preferably, the liquid crystal blend does not contain UV absorbers. Preferably, the polymerizable mesogen compound (a) has molar optical absorption 50-500 dm3mol-1cm-1@365 nm and is represented by the general formula I (R1 = H, Me; n = 1-5 integer). The linearly polarizing film using the wide wavelength band cholesteric liquid crystal film has retardation of the retardation layer 100-160 nm. The circularly polarizing film using the wide wavelength band cholesteric liquid crystal film has retardation of the retardation layer 200-350 nm. The circularly polarizing film will be laminated with a $\lambda/4$ plate to give a linearly polarizing film. The liquid crystal display has a liquid crystal cell on the light-emitting side of a surface-emitting light source having the linearly or circularly polarizing film or plate on the front side.

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of wide wavelength band cholesteric liquid crystal film for linearly or circularly polarizing film of LCD)

RN 727400-95-5 HCAPLUS

Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, polymer with Paliocolor LC 756 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C = C$$
 $C = C$ $C = CH_2 - CH_2$

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 457053-05-3 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IC ICM G02B005-30

ICS C08J005-18; G02F001-1335; G02F001-1336; C08L067-00

```
CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
Other Reprographic Processes)
```

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of wide wavelength band cholesteric liquid crystal film for linearly or circularly polarizing film of LCD)

L20 ANSWER 9 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:610213 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:164925

TITLE:

Broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film and process for producing the same, circularly polarizing plate, linearly polarizing element,

illuminator, and liquid-crystal display

INVENTOR(S):

Shiraogawa, Miki; Fukuoka, Takahiro; Takahashi,

Naoki; Hara, Kazutaka

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corporation, Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION 1	O. DATE
WO 2004	- 063780	A1	20040729	WO 2004-JP68	
					200401 08
W:	BB, BG, BG, CO, CR, CR, EE, EE, EG, HR, HR, HU, KP, KP, KR, MA, MD, MD,	BR, BR CU, CU ES, ES HU, ID KR, KZ MG, MK	, BW, BY, , CZ, CZ, , FI, FI, , IL, IN, , KZ, KZ, , MN, MW,	AM, AT, AT, AU, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, DE, DE, DK, DK, GB, GD, GE, GE, IS, JP, JP, KE, LC, LK, LR, LS, MX, MX, MZ	CH, CN, CN, CO, DM, DZ, EC, EC, GH, GH, GH, GM, KE, KG, KG, KP,
PRIORITY APP	,	A	20040619	JP 2003-4406	200401 07 A 200301 10

AB A broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film which is obtained by applying a liquid-crystal mixture comprising a polymerizable mesogenic compound, a polymerizable chiral reagent, and a photopolymn. initiator to an alignment substrate and polymerizing the coating with UV in an inert gas atmospheric, and which has a reflection band width of ≥200 nm. The broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film has a broad reflection band and satisfactory durability.

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film and process for producing the same, circularly polarizing plate, linearly polarizing element, illuminator, and liquid-crystal display)

RN 727400-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, polymer with Paliocolor LC 756 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C = C$$

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 457053-05-3 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IC ICM G02B005-30 ICS G02F001-1335

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film and process for producing the same, circularly polarizing plate, linearly polarizing element, illuminator, and liquid-crystal display)

L20 ANSWER 10 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:610211 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:148254

TITLE:

Broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film and process for producing the same, circularly polarizing plate, linearly polarizing element, illuminator, and liquid-crystal display

INVENTOR(S):

Fukuoka, Takahiro; Takahashi, Naoki; Hara,

Kazutaka

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corporation, Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	rent 1	NO.			KIN		DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.	· 	I	DATE
WO	2004	- 0637'	78		A1		2004	0729	1	WO 2	004-	JP53				200401
	W :	CH, GB,	CN, GD, LC,	CO, GE,	CR, GH,	CU, GM,	AU, CZ, HR, LT,	DE, HU,	DK, ID,	DM,	DZ, IN,	EC, IS,	EE, KE,	EG, KG,	BZ, ES, KP,	CA, FI, KR,
JP	2004	•			A		2004	0924	•	JP 2	003-4	4346			_	200301
EP	1584	957			A1		2005	1012	. :	EP 2	004-'	7007!	58	•	2	200401
	R:				-	-	ES, FI,	-			-				SE,	MC,
CN	1735				A	٠	2006	0215	(CN 2	004-	8000	2055			200401
US	2006	11978	83		A1	,	2006	0608	. 1	US 2	005-!	5420	65		2	200507
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	003-4	1346		i	A 2	200301
									.1	WO 2	004-0	JP53		Ţ		200401 08

AB A broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film which is obtained by polymerizing a liquid-crystal mixture comprising a polymerizable mesogenic compound, a polymerizable chiral reagent, and a photopolymn. initiator between 2 substrates with UV, and which has a reflection band width of ≥200 nm. The broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film has a broad reflection band and satisfactory durability.

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film and process for producing same, circularly polarizing plate, linearly polarizing element, illuminator, and liquid-crystal display)

RN 727400-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, polymer with Paliocolor LC 756 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7

CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 457053-05-3 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IC ICM G02B005-30 ICS G02F001-1335

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 73

IT 727400-95-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(broad-band-cholesteric liquid-crystal film and process for producing same, circularly polarizing plate, linearly polarizing element, illuminator, and liquid-crystal display)

L20 ANSWER 11 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:802412 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:318039

TITLE:

Polymerizable nematic liquid crystal, cholesteric liquid crystal composition containing it, optical film made from the composition, and liquid crystal display using

the film

INVENTOR(S):

Nakano, Shusaku; Mochizuki, Makoto; Iwatani, Koji; Yamada, Shinya; Hashimoto, Tsutomu; Nakayama, Yuji; Hasegawa, Yoshiki; Suzuki, Tadashi; Kobayashi, Toru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corp., Japan; Takasago Perfumery

Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

.CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002308832	Α	20021023	JP 2001-113420	
				200104
				12
CN 1380375	A	20021120	CN 2002-105981	
				200204
				11
US 2003072893	A1	20030417	US 2002-121771	
				200204
			•	11
US 6805920	B2	20041019		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-113420 A	
			·	200104
			•,	12

AB The composition for optical films and CD devices contains (A) a nematic liquid crystal having ≥1 polymerizable group with Δn/n ≥0.14 (n = average refractive index; Δn = ne - no; ne, no = refractive index for extraordinary light and ordinary light, resp.) to show orientation by applying on an orientation film, and optionally (B) chiral compds. and (C) polyfunctional (meth)acrylates. The optical film, preferably selective reflection film is obtained by applying the liquid crystal or composition on an orientation film, heating the film for orientation, and reaction of (meth)acryloyl groups to fix the orientation structure. The selective reflection film gives cholesteric polarizers by lamination with an optical retardation film. The liquid crystal uses the optical film. The compound and its composition show large Δn/n value and good coatability on orientation films.

IT 461055-21-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cholesteric liquid crystal composition containing polymerizable nematic liquid crystal for orientation film used as selective reflection film in liquid crystal displays)

RN 461055-21-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

NC
$$C = C$$
 $C = C$

PAGE 1-B

IT 461055-10-7P 461055-27-6P 461055-36-7P 472975-33-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cholesteric liquid crystal composition containing polymerizable nematic liquid crystal for orientation film used as selective reflection film in liquid crystal displays)

RN 461055-10-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]-,
 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C = C$$

PAGE 1-B

RN 461055-27-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 461055-36-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]-,
4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2,6-difluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 472975-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-3-fluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NC} \\ \text{C} \\ \text{C} \end{array}$$

PAGE 1-B

IC ICM C07C069-92

ICS C08F220-10; C08J005-18; C09K019-38; C09K019-54; G02B005-30; G02F001-1335; C07C235-46; C07M007-00; C08L033-04

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 75

IT 461055-20-9P 461055-21-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cholesteric liquid crystal composition containing polymerizable nematic liquid crystal for orientation film used as selective reflection film in liquid crystal displays)

TT 461055-10-7P 461055-13-0P 461055-22-1P 461055-23-2P 461055-27-6P 461055-30-1P 461055-34-5P 461055-35-6P

461055-36-7P 461055-30-1P 461055-34-5P 461 **461055-36-7P** 472975-15-8P 472975-26-1P.

472975-33-0P 472975-49-8P 472975-56-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cholesteric liquid crystal composition containing polymerizable nematic liquid crystal for orientation film used as selective reflection film in liquid crystal displays)

L20 ANSWER 12 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:708786 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:248681

TITLE:

Liquid crystalline (meta)acrylic compounds and

optical films therefrom

INVENTOR(S):

Nakano, Shusaku; Mochizuki, Makoto; Iwatani, Koji; Yamada, Shinya; Hashimoto, Tsutomu; Nakayama, Yuji; Hasegawa, Yoshiki; Kobayashi,

Toru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nitto Denko Corp., Japan; Takasago Perfumery

Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				•
JP 2002265421	A	20020918	JP 2001-68330	200103
		4		12
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	JP 2001-68330	
			·	200103
•				12

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 137:248681

GI

$$H_2C = C - CO_2 - Y1 - Q5$$

$$(Q^2)_q \qquad (Q^3)_s \qquad (Q^4)_t$$

AB Liquid crystalline compns. comprise (meta)acrylic compds. having general formula (I). wherein Y1 = CnH2n, CnH2nO, or (CmH2mO)p where n = 2-12, m = 2-6, and p = 2-6; Y2, Y3 = CO2, OCO, C:C, or a single bond (at least one of Y2 and Y3 = C:C); Q1 = H or Me; Q2, Q3, and Q4 = F, Cl, H, Me, Et, or OMe; Q5 = CN, F, or OCvH2v+1 (v = 1-6); and q, s, and t = 1 or 2.

IT 461055-21-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (liquid crystalline (meta)acrylic compds. and optical films therefrom)

RN 461055-21-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]-,
4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester, homopolymer (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 461055-10-7 CMF C29 H22 F N O6

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C = C$$

PAGE 1-B

IT 461055-10-7 461055-24-3 461055-25-4

461055-27-6 461055-36-7

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(liquid crystalline (meta)acrylic compds. and optical films therefrom)

RN 461055-10-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C \equiv C$$
 $C = CH_2 - CH_2 -$

PAGE 1-B

RN 461055-24-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-,
4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

NC
$$C = C$$
 $C = CH_2 - CH_2 -$

RN 461055-25-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NC
$$C = C$$
 $C = C$ $C = C$

PAGE 1-B

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & {\rm O} & {\rm CH_2} \\ & || & || \\ - & {\rm O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

RN 461055-27-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]-, 4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2-fluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

NC
$$C = C$$
 $C = C$ $C = C$

PAGE 1-B

RN 461055-36-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]-,
4-[(4-cyanophenyl)ethynyl]-2,6-difluorophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

```
C-CH-CH2
IC
     ICM C07C069-92
     ICS C07C255-55; C08F002-00; C08F020-10; C09K019-18; C09K019-20;
         C09K019-38; G02B005-30; G02F001-13
CC
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
     Section cross-reference(s): 25, 74
IT
     461055-13-0P
                   461055-17-4P
                                 461055-20-9P 461055-21-0P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
    or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (liquid crystalline (meta)acrylic compds. and optical films therefrom)
IT
     13048-33-4, 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate 125248-71-7
                                                          309946-85-8
     461055-10-7
                  461055-18-5
                               461055-19-6 461055-22-1
     461055-23-2 461055-24-3 461055-25-4
     461055-26-5 461055-27-6
                               461055-28-7
                                             461055-29-8
     461055-30-1
                   461055-31-2
                                461055-32-3 461055-33-4
                                                           461055-34-5
     461055-35-6 461055-36-7
                               461055-37-8
                                            461055-38-9
     461055-39-0
                  461055-40-3
    RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use);
    USES (Uses)
        (liquid crystalline (meta)acrylic compds. and optical films therefrom)
```

=>